**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Place Quick Dams in the path of problem water
- Smaller stitched area acts as a wedge & prevents the barrier from rolling out of position
- Quick Dams are activated when exposed to fresh water and will absorb & swell to create a barrier
- During first activation, you will see white gelled particles in the stitching areas- this is normal & naturally decomposes
- If a rush of water is expected, pre-soaking the Quick Dams and stacking them is recommended
- Stack Barriers by flipping one over so small stitched areas are opposite each other, which creates a flat surface to secure the third layer in place Quick Dams may be left in position for long term flood protection, up to several months
- Quick Dams are reusable - they grow when exposed to water and will shrink as water evaporates
- Quick Dams may not be a solution for all situations
- **Not for use with salt water flooding**

**EACH FLOOD BARRIER:**

- **Starts as:** 9in wide & either 5ft, 10ft or 17ft long
- **Grows to:** 3.5in high & 34lbs, 68lbs & 116lbs respectively

**USAGE OPTIONS:**

- For ongoing protection: leave in place for 6-8 months.
- Continues to reactivate when re-exposed to water.
- To store away and reuse later: allow time for evaporation, typically 2-3 months of continued dryness. Drying times vary depending on environment conditions.

**DISPOSAL OPTIONS:**

- Dispose in the trash when no longer needed.
- Cut open and expose contents directly to sunlight, which will decompose within a few days.
- Expose bags to salt or salt water, which will release the water and deflate the bags.

**Quick Dams are safe, non-toxic & environmentally friendly.**

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**PROPER FLOOD BARRIER STACKING:**

- **Pyramid:** Overlapped and Stairstepped
- For proper stability, width should be 3 times height
- For secure stability- Be sure that Flood Barriers are stacked higher than expected water level.

**NOTE:** Quick Dam Flood Barriers may not be the ideal solution for all flood control situations.

Patent Pending